ABSCHNITT 1. Bezeichnung des Stoffs bzw. des Gemischs und des Unternehmens

1.1. Produktidentifikator

Chemischer Name : Aceton , 2-Propanon , Propan-2-on , Dimethylketon , DMK .

Art der Produktes : Reiner Produkt .

Reach Registrierungnummer : 01-2119471330-49

1.2. Relevante identifizierte Verwendungen des Stoffs oder Gemischs und Verwendungen von denen abgeraten wird

Identifizierte(n) Verwendung(en) : Siehe Tabelle auf der ersten Seite des Anhangs.

* Verwendung(en) von denen abgeraten wird : Dieses Produkt ist nicht für irgendeiner anderen industriellen, gewerblichen Verwendung oder Verwendung durch den Verbraucher als in der Tabelle auf der ersten Seite des Anhangs empfohlen.
Nicht für die Verwendung in Dekorationsgegenständen, in Scherzspielen und in Spielen (gemäß Anhang XVII der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006) (3. Flüssige Stoffe oder Gemische, die nach den Definitionen in der Richtlinie 67/548/EWG und der Richtlinie 1999/45/EG als gefährlich gelten).
Nicht für die Verwendung in Aerosolpackungen für Unterhaltungs- und Dekorationszwecke (gemäß Anhang XVII der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006) (40. Stoffe, die gemäß den Kriterien der Richtlinie 67/548/EWG als entzündlich, leicht entzündlich oder hoch entzündlich eingestuft wurden, und zwar unabhängig davon, ob sie in Anhang VI Teil 3 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 aufgeführt sind).

1.3. Einzelheiten zum Lieferanten, der das Sicherheitsdatenblatt bereitstellt

* Firmenidentifizierung : BRENNTAG N.V. - Nijverheidslaan 38 - BE-8540 DEERLIJK
TEL: +32(0)56/77.69.44 - FAX: +32(0)56/77/57/11
E-MAIL: info@brenntag.be - Website: www.brenntag.be

BRENNTAG Nederland B.V. - Donker Duyvisweg 44 - NL-3316 BM DORDRECHT
TEL: +31(0)78/65.44.944 - FAX: +31(0)78/65.44.919
E-MAIL: info@brenntag.nl - Website: www.brenntag.nl

1.4. Notrufnummer

* Notrufnummer : Belgien : Antigifzentrum - Brüssel
TEL: +32(0)70/245.245

Die Niederlande : National Vergiftungen Information Zentrum - Bilthoven
TEL: +31(0)30/274.88.88 (Ausschließlich zum Zwecke der Unterrichtung medizinisches Personal bei akuten Intoxikationen)

ABSCHNITT 2. Mögliche Gefahren

2.1. Einstufung des Stoffs oder Gemischs

Einstufung gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008

Entzündbare Flüssigkeiten - Kategorie 2 - Gefahr (Flam. Liq. 2; H225)
Augenreizung - Kategorie 2 - Achtung (Eye Irrit. 2; H319)
Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität - Einmalige Exposition - betäubende Wirkungen - Kategorie 3 - Achtung (STOT SE 3; H336)

2.2. Kennzeichnungselemente

Kennzeichnung gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008

• Gefährliches Bestandteil(en) : Aceton

• Gefahren Piktogramm(e)

ABSCHNITT 2. Mögliche Gefahren (Fortsetzung)

	• Signalwort	: Gefahr
	• Gefahrenhinweise	: H225 - Flüssigkeit und Dampf leicht entzündbar. H319 - Verursacht schwere Augenreizung. H336 - Kann Schläfrigkeit und Benommenheit verursachen. EUH066 - Wiederholter Kontakt kann zu spröder oder rissiger Haut führen.
	• Sicherheitshinweise	
*	- Prävention	: P210 - Von Hitze, heißen Oberflächen, Funken, offenen Flammen sowie anderen Zündquellenarten fernhalten. Nicht rauchen. P243 - Vorbeugende Maßnahmen gegen elektrostatische Entladungen treffen. P280 - Schutzhandschuhe/ Schutzkleidung/Augenschutz/Gesichtsschutz tragen.
*	- Reaktion	: P305+P351+P338 - BEI KONTAKT MIT DEN AUGEN : Einige Minuten lang behutsam mit Wasser ausspülen. Vorhandene Kontaktlinsen nach Möglichkeit entfernen. Weiter spülen. P337+P313 - Bei anhaltender Augenreizung: Ärztlichen Rat einholen/ärztliche Hilfe hinzuziehen.
	- Lagerung	: P403+P233 - Behälter an einem gut gelüfteten Ort aufbewahren. Behälter dicht verschlossen halten.
*	- Hinweise zur Entsorgung	: P501 - Inhalt und/oder Behälter einer annerkannten Abfallentsorgungsanlage zuführen.

2.3. Sonstige Gefahren

Physikalishe/chemische Gefahren	: Kann Peroxyde bilden.
Gefahren für die Gesundheid	: Ein Gesundheits gefährliche Konzentration in der Luft wird beim Verdampfen von diese Substanz bei ca. 20°C nur schnell erreicht; durch Sprühen noch schneller.
Gefahren für die Umwelt	: Keine bedeutende Gefahr. Dieses Produkt ist kein Substance oder enthält keine PBT oder vPvB (gemäß Anhang XIII).
Gefahren für die Sicherheit	: Dämpfe bilden mit Luft explosionsfähige Gemische.

ABSCHNITT 3. Zusammensetzung/Angaben zu Bestandteilen

3.1. Stoffe

Name Komponent(en)		Gew. %	CAS nr	EINECS nr	Index nr	Reach nr	EINSTUFUNG
Aceton	:	100 %	67-64-1	200-662-2	606-001-00-8	01-2119471330-49	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066

Der vollständige Text von die (EU)H-Hinweise is im Abschnitt 16.

ABSCHNITT 4. Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen

4.1. Beschreibung der Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen

Allgemein	: Beim Zweifel oder andauernden Symptomen, immer Arzt konsultieren. Bewußtlosen Menschen nichts eingeben.
Erste Hilfe	
- Einatmen	: Frische Luft zuführen. Opfer zur Ruhe kommen lassen, in halb-sitzender Lage bringen. Bei unregelmässiger Atmung oder beim Atemstillstand, künstlich beatmen. Ein Arzt konsultieren.
- Hautkontakt	: Artz konsultieren, wenn sich negative Reaktionen oder Reizungen einstellen. Verunreinigte Kleidung ablegen. Haut sofort mit viel Wasser ausspülen. (ev. Duschen).
- Augenkontakt	: Sofort gründlich und länger (mindestens 15 Min.) mit vielem Wasser ausspülen. Kontaktlinsen ausnehmen. Augenarzt konsultieren.

ABSCHNITT 4. Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen (Fortsetzung)

Während der Transport; Augen fortwährend ausspülen oder tröpfeln.

- Verschlucken : KEIN ERBRECHEN HERBEIFÜHREN. Der Mund spülen mit Wasser. Einen Arzt aufsuchen oder ins Krankenhaus fahren.

4.2. Wichtigste akute oder verzögert auftretende Symptome und Wirkungen

Siehe Abschnitt 11.

4.3. Hinweise auf ärztliche Soforthilfe und Spezialbehandlung

Für fachliche Beratung Ärzte sollten sich an die NVIC oder die belgische Antigiftzentrum.

ABSCHNITT 5. Maßnahmen zur Brandbekämpfung

5.1. Löschmittel

Löschmittel

- Geeignete : Löschpulver , Alkoholbeständiges Schaum , Kohlenstoffdioxid (CO2) , Sprühwasser .
- Nicht zu verwenden : Festen Wasserstrahl .

5.2. Besondere vom Stoff oder Gemisch ausgehende Gefahren

Spezielle Expositionsgefahren : Beim Feuer können Kohlenstoffoxiden (CO) und Rauch freikommen.

5.3. Hinweise für die Brandbekämpfung

Schutzende Ausrüstung : In nächster Nähe des Feuers geschlossenes Atemschutzgerät verwenden und angemessene Schutzkleidung tragen.

Besondere Massnahmen : Zur Kühlung in der Nähe befindlichen Geräts Wassersprühstrahl oder -nebel verwenden. Es ist zu vermeiden, daß zur Brandlöschung verwendetes Wasser in die Umwelt gelangt.

ABSCHNITT 6. Maßnahmen bei unbeabsichtigter Freisetzung

6.1. Personenbezogene Vorsichtsmaßnahmen, Schutzausrüstungen und in Notfällen anzuwendende Verfahren

Personenbezogene Vorsichtsmaßnahmen : Alle mögliche Zündquelle (offenes Feuer, Funken, rauchen, ...) sind auszuschließen.
Sofort die Personen am angesteckten Ort räumen und gut lüften.
Einatmung der Dämpfe und Berührung mit Augen, Haut und Kleider vermeiden.
Empfohlene Personenschutzausrüstung tragen. (Siehe Abschnitt 8)

6.2. Umweltschutzmaßnahmen

Umweltschutzmaßnahmen : Wenn möglich Undichtheiten beseitigen.
Das gekleckerte Produkt soviel wie möglich mit inertem Material eindeichen.
Eindringen das Produkt in Kanalisation, öffentlichen Gewässer oder dem Boden verhindern.
Falls das Produkt in die Kanalisation oder öffentliche Gewässer gelangt, sind die Behörden zu benachrichtigen.

6.3. Methoden und Material für Rückhaltung nd Reinigung

Reinigungsmethode : Die Leckflüssigkeit auffangen in abgeschlossenen Fässern.
Verschüttetes Produkt so bald wie möglich mit Hilfe von absorbierendem Material aufnehmen.
Rückstände mit vielen Wasser wegspülen.

6.4. Verweis auf andere Abschnitte

Für persönliche Schutzmittel, siehe Abschnitt 8.
Für Behandlung das Abfallprodukt, siehe Abschnitt 13.

ABSCHNITT 7. Handhabung und Lagerung

7.1. Schutzsmaßnahmen zur sicheren Handhabung

Handhabung : NEBELFORMUNG VERMEIDEN !
Einatmung der Dämpfe und Berührung mit Augen, Haut und Kleider vermeiden.
Empfohlene Personenschutzausrüstung tragen. (Siehe Abschnitt 8)
Waschen Sie Ihre Hände, vorher und nachher, das Sie mit dem Produkt bearbeitet haben.
Bei der Arbeit nicht essen, trinken oder rauchen.
Notvorrichtungen für Augenspülungen und Duschen für Erste-Hilfe- Maßnahmen bei der Behandlung von Erfrierungsverletzungen sollten dort, wo eine potentielle Exposition eintreten kann, in unmittelbarer Nähe verfügbar sein.

7.2. Bedingungen zur sicheren Lagerung unter Berücksichtigung von Unverträglichkeiten

* Lagerung : Nur im gut abgeschlossenen Originalbehälter an einem trockenen, kühlen, dunkelen, gut gelüfteten und feuersicheren Ort aufbewahren.
Alle gefährlichen Produkte müßten auf einen Leckbehälter gesetzt werden oder eingetonnt werden.
Nicht aufbewahren in der Nähe von Hitzequellen, inbegriffen direktem Sonnenlicht.
Fernhalten von : Oxidationsmittel , Laugen , Aminen .

* Feuer- und Explosionsprävention : Alle Zündquelle (offenes Feuer, Funken, rauchen, ...) entfernen.
Bei einer Temperatur gleich an oder höher als das Flammpunkt, kann die Mischung Luft-Produkt eine leicht entzündliche und explosive Mischung werden.
Dämpfe sind schwerer als Luft und breiten sich am Boden aus, mit Risiko von Anzünden in Abstand.
Massnahmen treffen gegen elekrostatische Entladung.
Keine Druckluft verwenden zum Bewegen oder Transferieren des Inhaltes von Lagertanks/ Transportfässern der diesen Material enthalten.
Immer explosionssichere und Elektrische Ausrüstung benutzen.

Geeignetes Verpakkungsmaterial : Aluminium , Galvanisierter Kohlenstoffstahl , Rostfreier Stahl .

Nicht geeignetes Verpakkungsmaterial : Synthetische stoffen , Gummi .

7.3. Spezifische Endanwendungen

Für den identifizierten Verwendungen, siehe Unterabschnitt 1.2 und/oder Expositionsszenarien.

ABSCHNITT 8. Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition/Persönliche Schutzausrüstunge

8.1. Zu überwachende Parameter

* Berufsbedingte Expositionsgrenzen : Aceton : Grenzwert (BE) : 500 ppm (1210 mg/m³) (2014)
Aceton : Kurze Zeitwert (BE) : 1000 ppm (2420 mg/m³) (2014)
Aceton : Grenzwert (GGM 8 St) (NL) : 510 ppm (1210 mg/m³) (2007)
Aceton : Grenzwert (GGM 15 min) (NL) : 1020 ppm (2420 mg/m³) (2007)

Biologischen Grenzwerte : Bei Vorliegen der Daten werden diese aufgenommen.

DNELs :
- Aceton : Arbeiter, akut - lokale Effekte, einatmen : 2420 mg/m³
- Aceton : Arbeiter, langzeit - systemische Effekte, einatmen : 1210 mg/m³
- Aceton : Arbeiter, langzeit - systemische Effekte, dermal : 186 mg/kg Kg/Tag
- Aceton : Verbraucher, langzeit - systemische Effekte, einatmen : 200 mg/m³
- Aceton : Verbraucher, langzeit - systemische Effekte, dermal : 62 mg/kg Kg/Tag
- Aceton : Verbraucher, langzeit - systemische Effekte, oral : 62 mg/kg Kg/Tag

* PNECs :
- Aceton : Süßwasser : 10,6 mg/l
- Aceton : Salzwasser : 1,06 mg/l
- Aceton : Süßwassersediment : 30,4 mg/kg
- Aceton : Salzwassersediment : 3,04 mg/kg
- Aceton : Boden : 29,5 mg/kg
- Aceton : Intermittierend Freisetzung : 21,5 mg/l
- Aceton : Wasserreinigungsinstallation : 100 mg/l

ABSCHNITT 8. Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition/Persönliche Schutzausrüstunge

8.2. Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition

	Technische Massnahmen	: Ventilation , Lokale Absaugung .
	Persönliche Schutzmittel	
	- Atemschutz	: CE-Geeignetes Atemschutzgerät für niedrigsiedenden organischen Dämpfe und Lösungsmitteln (Type AX, braun).
	- Hautschutz	: Geeignete Schutzkleidung .
*	- Handschutz	: Geeignete Materialien für Schutzhandschuhe (EN 374): Die arbeitsplatzspezifische Eignung sollte mit den Schutzhandschuhherstellern abgeklärt werden. - Material : Butylgummi - Dicke : 0,5 mm - Durchbruchszeit : > 480'
	- Augen-/Gesichtsschutz	: Anschliessende Sicherheitsgläser oder Gesichtsschutz.
	Begrenzung und Überwachung der Umweltexposition	: Siehe Abschnitte 6, 7, 12 und 13.

ABSCHNITT 9. Physikalische und chemische Eigenschaften

9.1. Angaben zu den grundlegenden physikalischen und chemischen Eigenschaften

	Physikalische Form (20°C)	: Flüssigkeit .
	Aussicht/Farbe	: Klar , Farblos .
	Geruch	: Aromatischer Geruch .
*	Geruchsschwelle	: 19,8 ppm
*	pH-Wert	: 7 (10 g/l)
	Schmelz-/Gefrierpunkt	: -94,7 °C
	Siedepunkt/Siedestrecke (1013 hPa)	: 56 °C
	Flammpunkt	: -17 °C
	Verdampfungsgeschwindigkeit	: 2 (Ether = 1) 5,6 - 14,4 (n-Butylacetat = 1)
	Explosionsgrenzen in Luft	: 2,5 - 14,3 Vol.%
	Dampfdruck (20°C)	: 24 kPa
	Dampfdruck (50°C)	: 80 kPa
	Relativer Dampfdichte (Luft=1)	: 2,0
	Relative Dichte der gesättigten Mischung Dampf/Luft (Luft=1)	: 1,2
	Die relative Dichte (Wasser=1)	: 0,8
	Löslichkeit in Wasser	: Völlig löslich .
	Löslich in	: Alkohol , Chloroform , Ether , Meiste Öle , ...
	Log P Oktanol/Wasser (20°C)	: -0,24
	Zuendtemperatur	: 465 °C
	Minimum Entzündungsenergie	: 1,15 mJ
	Zerlegungspunkt	: Nicht anwendbar.
	Viskosität (20°C)	: 0,32 mPa.s
	Explosive Eigenschaften	: Keine chemischen Gruppen mit explosive Eigenschaften zugeordnet .
	Oxidationseigenschaften	: Keine chemischen Gruppen mit oxidierenden Eigenschaften zugeordnet .

9.2. Sonstige Angaben

	Oberflächenspannung (20°C)	: 23,7 mN/m

ABSCHNITT 9. Physikalische und chemische Eigenschaften (Fortsetzung)

Spezifishe Leitung	: 4,9*10E5 pS/m
% Flüchtige Bestandteile (in Gewicht)	: > 99

ABSCHNITT 10. Stabilität und Reaktivität

10.1. Reaktivität

Reaktivität : Reagiert heftig mit Oxidationsmitteln.

10.2. Chemische Stabilität

Stabilität : Stabil unter normalen Umständen .

10.3. Möglichkeit gefährlicher Reaktionen

Gefährliche Reaktionen : Möglich Formung von peroxydes.

10.4. Zu vermeidenden Bedingungen

* Zu vermeidenden Zuständen : Hochtemperatur , Licht .

10.5. Unverträgliche Materialien

Nicht in Verbindung bringen mit : Oxidationsmittel , Laugen , Aminen , Gummi , Synthetische stoffen .

10.6. Gefährliche Zersetzungsprodukte

Gefährliche Zersetzungsprodukte : Kohlstoffoxide .

ABSCHNITT 11. Toxikologische Angaben

11.1. Angaben zu toxikologischen Wirkungen

Akute Toxizität

* - Einatmen : Bei höher Konzentration kann das Produkt auf Nervensystem einwirken (schwache narkotische Wirkung).
Symptome umfassen: Schmerzlicher Kehle , Hust , Schwindligkeit , Benommenheit , Bewustlosigkeit .
• Aceton : LC50 (Ratte, Inhalation, 4 St) : 76 mg/l (Luft)

- Hautkontakt : Symptome umfassen: Rötung , Schmerzen .
• Aceton : LD50 (Kaninchen, Dermal) : >15800 mg/kg

- Nahrungsaufnahme : Symptome umfassen: Brandiges Gefühl , Magenbeschwerde , Übelkeit , Erbrechen .
• Aceton : LD50 (Ratte, Oral) : 5800 mg/kg (OECD-Leitsatz 401)

Atz-/Reizwirkung auf die Haut : Wiederholter oder länger andauerender Hautkontakt kann Hautenzündungen und Entfettung verursachen.

Schwere Augenschädigung/-reizung : Verursacht schwere Augenreizung.

* Aspirationsgefahr : Nicht als gefährlich betrachtet.

Sensibilisierung der Atemwege/Haut : Nicht sensibel .

Karzinogenität : Nicht als karcinogen klassifiziert .

Mutagenität : Nicht als mutagen klassifiziert .

Reproduktionstoxizität : Nicht für Reproduktionstoxizität klassifiziert .

Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität - einmaliger Exposition : Beim Menschen : Kann Schläfrigkeit und Benommenheit verursachen.

Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität - wiederholter Exposition : Beim Menschen : Nicht für Organtoxizität klassifiziert
Bei Tieren : Keine Effekten bekannt.

ABSCHNITT 12. Umweltbezogene Angaben

12.1. Toxizität

* Ekotoxizität : • Aceton : LC50 (Fisch, 96 St) : 5540 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
• Aceton : CE50 (Daphnia pulex, 48 St) : 8800 mg/l
• Aceton : NOEC (Alge, 8 T) : 530 mg/l (Microcystis aeruginosa)

12.2. Persistenz und Abbaubarkeit

Persistenz und Abbaubarkeit : • Aceton : Persistenz und Abbaubarkeit : Leicht biologisch abbaubar .

12.3. Bioakkumulationspotenzial

Bioakkumulation : • Aceton : Bioakkumulation : Keine Bio-Akkumulation erwartet .

12.4. Mobilität im Boden

* Mobilität : • Aceton : Mobilität : Ein hohes Potenzial für Mobilität im Boden.

12.5. Ergebnisse der PBT- und vPvB-Beurteilung

Ergebnisse : • Aceton : PBT/vPvB : Nein

12.6. Andere schädliche Wirkungen

Potenzial zur fotochemischen Ozonbildung	: Es liegen keine Angaben vor.
Potenzial zum Ozonabbau	: Es liegen keine Angaben vor.
Potenzial zur Störung der endokrinen Systeme	: Es liegen keine Angaben vor.
Potenzial zur Erwärmung der Erdatmosphäre	: Es liegen keine Angaben vor.

ABSCHNITT 13. Hinweise zur Entsorgung

13.1. Verfahren der Abfallbehandlung

Produktvernichtung	: Das Produkt muss vernichtet werden gemäss der lokale und internationale Gesetzgebung, durch ein gesetzlich erkannte und spezialisierte Firma.
Europäische Abfallstoffenliste	: XXXXXX - Europäischer Abfallproduktcode. Dieser Code wird auf der Grundlage von die gegenwärtigsten Anwendungen zugewiesen und kann nicht für Verunreinigungen repräsentativ sein, die am wirkungsvollen Gebrauch des Produktes entstanden wurden. Der Produzent der Vergeudung muß seinen Prozeß selbst auswerten und muß die passende überschüssige Kodierung bewilligen. Sehen Sie Entscheidung 2001/118/EG.
Behandlung der Verpakkung	: Die gebrauchte Verpakkung ist ausschliesslich für die Verpakkung dieses Produktes zu benutzen. Nach Gebrauch die Verpackung sorgfältig ausleeren und abschliessen. Wenn es sich um Retourverpakkung händelt, kann die leere Verpakkung wieder am Lieferant angeboten werden.

ABSCHNITT 14. Angaben zum Transport

14.1. UN-Nummer

UN Nr : 1090

14.2. Ordnungsgemäße UN-Versandbezeichnung

ADR/RID-Name	: UN 1090 Aceton, 3, II, (D/E)
ADN-Name	: UN 1090 Aceton , 3, II
IMDG-Name	: UN 1090 Acetone , 3, II, (-17°C)
IATA-Name	: UN 1090 Acetone , 3, II

ABSCHNITT 14. Angaben zum Transport (Fortsetzung)

14.3. Transportgefahrenklassen

Klasse : 3

14.4. Verpackungsgruppe

Verpackungstyp : II

14.5. Umweltgefahren

Umweltgefährlich : Nein

Meeresschadstoff : Nein

14.6. Besondere Vorsichtsmaßnahmen für den Verwender

Gefahrandeutung : 33

Gefahrsymbol(e) : 3

EmS-N° : F-E S-D

14.7. Massengutbeforderung gemäß Anhang II des MARPOL-Übereinkommens und gemäß IBC-Code

Schiffstyp : Nicht anwendbar.

Verschmutzungskategorie : Z

ABSCHNITT 15. Rechtsvorschriften

15.1. Vorschriften zu Sicherheit, Gesundheits- und Umweltschutz/spezifische Rechtsvorschriften für den Stoff oder das Gemisch

Inventarisierungen : Australische Inventarisation (AICS): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Kanadische Inventarisation (DSL): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Chinesisches Inventarisation (IECS): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Europäische Inventarisation (EINECS): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Japanische Inventarisation (ENCS): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Koreanische Inventarisation (KECI): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
Philippinische Inventarisation (PICCS): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.
USA-Inventarisation (TSCA): Aufgenommen im Inventarisation.

NFPA-N° : 1-3-0

Einschlägigen EU Vorschrift(en) : Richtlinie 96/82/EG des Rates vom 9. Dezember 1996 zur Beherrschung der Gefahren bei schweren Unfällen mit gefährlichen Stoffen
Richtlinie 98/24/EG des Rates vom 7. April 1998 zum Schutz von Gesundheit und Sicherheit der Arbeitnehmer vor der Gefährdung durch chemische Arbeitsstoffe bei der Arbeit
Richtlinie 1999/13/EG des Rates vom 11. März 1999 über die Begrenzung von Emissionen flüchtiger organischer Verbindungen, die bei bestimmten Tätigkeiten und in bestimmten Anlagen bei derVerwendung organischer Lösungsmittel entstehen
Richtlinie 2004/42/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 21. April 2004 über die Begrenzung der Emissionen flüchtiger organischer Verbindungen aufgrund der
Verwendung organischer Lösemittel in bestimmten Farben und Lacken und in Produkten der Fahrzeugreparaturlackierung sowie zur Änderung der Richtlinie 1999/13/EG
Entscheidung 2001/118/EG der Kommission vom 16. Januar 2001 zur Änderung der Entscheidung 2000/532/EG über ein Abfallverzeichnis
Verordnung (EG) Nr. 273/2004 des Europäischen Parlament und des Rates vom 11. Februar 2004 betreffend Drogenausgangsstoffe
Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 16. Dezember 2008 über die Einstufung, Kennzeichnung und Verpackung von Stoffen und Gemischen, zur Änderung und Aufhebung der Richtlinien 67/548/EWG und 1999/45/EG und zur Änderung der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006
Verordnung (EU) Nr. 453/2010 der Kommission vom 20. Mai 2010 zur Änderung

ABSCHNITT 15. Rechtsvorschriften (Fortsetzung)

der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates zur Registrierung, Bewertung, Zulassung und Beschränkung chemischer Stoffe (Reach)

* Die Beschränkungen in Anhang XVII der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006 sind zu beachten.

Nationalen Vorschriften

- Deutschland : WGK : 1

* - Niederlande : Wasserbeschwerlichkeit : 9
Sanierungsanspannung : B

15.2. Stoffsicherheitsbeurteilung

* Eine Stoffsicherheitsbeurteilung wurde aus der Produkt durchgeführt.

ABSCHNITT 16. Sonstige Angaben

Dieses Sicherheitsdatenblatt ist aufgestellt worden gemäss der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 453/2010.
Dieses Sicherheitsblatt ist ausschliesslich bestimmt für industriel/professionel Gebrauch.

* Änderung hinsichtlich voriger Revision.

Änderungen : Abschnitt 1 , Abschnitt 2 , Abschnitt 7 , Abschnitt 8 , Abschnitt 9 , Abschnitt 10 , Abschnitt 11 , Abschnitt 12 , Abschnitt 15 , Abschnitt 16 .

* Quelle der Daten : Die Angaben stützen sich auf den heutigen Stand unserer Kenninnisse (Produzent(en) , Chemiekarte , ...)
Sehe auch auf der Adresse:
http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search

* (EU)H-Hinweis(e) : H225 - Flüssigkeit und Dampf leicht entzündbar.
H319 - Verursacht schwere Augenreizung.
H336 - Kann Schläfrigkeit und Benommenheit verursachen.
EUH066 - Wiederholter Kontakt kann zu spröder oder rissiger Haut führen.

* Liste der Abkürzungen und Akronyme : ADN (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par voie de Navigation intérieur) : Europäisches Übereinkommen über die internationale Beförderung gefährlicher Güter in der Binnenschifffahrt
ADR (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route) : Europäisches Übereinkommen über die internationale Beförderung gefährlicher Güter auf der Straße
CO : Kohlenstoffmonoxid
DNEL (Derived No Effect Level) : Grenzwert, unterhalb dessen der Stoff keine Wirkung ausübt
EC50 : mittlere Effektive Konzentration
EmS (Emergency Schedule) : den ersten Code verweist auf die einschlägigen Brandklasse und den zweite code verweist auf die einschlägingen Verschütten Zeitplan
Eye Irrit. 2 : Augenreizung - Kategorie 2
Flam. Liq. 2 : Entzündbare Flüssigkeiten - Kategorie 2
IATA (International Air Transport Association) :Übereinkommen über die internationale Beförderung gefährlicher Güter im Luftverkehr
IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods code) : Internationalen Übereinkommens für Gefahrgutkennzeichnung für gefährliche Güter im Seeschiffsverkehr
LC50 : mittlere Letale Konzentration
LD50 : mittlere Letale Dosis
NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) oder Gefahrendiamant
NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration) : Konzentration ohne beobachtbare schädliche Wirkung
NVIC : National Vergiftungen Information Zentrum
OECD (Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development) : Organisation

ABSCHNITT 16. Sonstige Angaben (Fortsetzung)

für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung
PBT : persistente, bioakkumulierbar und toxisch
PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration) : Konzentration unter die Exposition gegenüber
einem Stoff ohne Wirkung
RCP (Reciproke Calculation Procedure)
REACH : Registrierung, Bewertung, Zulassung und Beschränkung von Chemikalien
RID (Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses) : internationalen Beförderung gefährlicher Güter im Schienenverkehr
STOT SE 3 : Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität - Einmalige Exposition - Kategorie 3
STOT RE : Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität - Wiederholte Exposition
GGM (Gewichteter Gleitender Mittelwert) : die durchschnittliche Exposition über einen bestimmten Zeitraum
WGK (Wassergefahrdungsklasse)
vPvB : sehr persistent und sehr bioakkumulierbar

Diese Information ist unseres Wissens korrekt und vollständig am Daten der Ausgabe des Sicherheitsdatenblatts. Diese Information betrifft nur dieses Produkt und gibt keine Garantie auf der Qualität und vollständigkeit der Eigenschaften des Produkts, oder falls das Produkt zusammen mit anderen Produkten oder im einzigen anderen Prozess gebraucht wird.
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Ende des Dokumentes

No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 14, 15	1, 2, 4, 6a	NA	ES7668
2	Distribution of substance	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 14, 15	1, 2, 4, 6a	NA	ES7846
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 14, 15	1, 2, 4, 6a	NA	ES13324
4	Rubber production and processing	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 14	6d	NA	ES7680
5	Polymer production	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15	6d	NA	ES7682
6	Polymer production	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 14	8a, 8c, 8d, 8f	NA	ES7741
7	Polymer processing	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15	6d	NA	ES7684
8	Polymer processing	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 14	8a, 8c, 8d, 8f	NA	ES7743
9	Uses in coatings	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 15, 19	4	NA	ES7672
10	Uses in coatings	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 19	8a, 8c, 8d, 8f	NA	ES7737
11	Uses in coatings	21	NA	1, 4, 9a, 9b, 9c, 15, 24, 31	NA	8a, 8c, 8d, 8f	NA	ES8830
12	Use in Cleaning Agents	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 19	4	NA	ES7686
13	Use in Cleaning Agents	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 11,	8a, 8d	NA	ES7745

					13, 19			
14	Use in Cleaning Agents	21	NA	3, 4, 9a, 9b, 9c, 24, 35, 38	NA	8a, 8d	NA	ES8831
15	Use as binders and release agents	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13	5	NA	ES7678
16	Use as binders and release agents	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 11	8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 8e, 8f	NA	ES7739
17	Use in agrochemicals	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 4, 8a, 8b, 11, 13, 19	8a, 8d	NA	ES7749
18	Use in laboratories	3	NA	NA	10, 15, 19	4	NA	ES7670
19	Use in laboratories	22	NA	NA	10, 15, 19	8a	NA	ES7735
20	Use as blowing agents	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 8b, 9, 12	4, 10a	NA	ES7690
21	Use in de-icing and anti-icing applications	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 8b, 11, 19	8d	NA	ES7751
22	Use in de-icing and anti-icing applications	21	NA	4	NA	8d	NA	ES8832
23	Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b	4	NA	ES7688
24	Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b	8d	NA	ES7747
25	Explosives manufacture & use	22	NA	NA	1, 3, 5, 8a, 8b	8d	NA	ES7753
26	Use as processing aid	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 14, 15	1, 2, 4, 6a	NA	ES7845

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 1: Manufacture of substance	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and	

to external treatment of waste for disposal	according to local regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC10	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 2: Distribution of substance		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)	

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and	

to external treatment of waste for disposal	according to local regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC10	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 3: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6,	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC8a, PROC10				
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 4: Rubber production and processing	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC6d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	

to external recovery of waste		
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC7)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC7)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6,	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC8a, PROC10, PROC13				
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC7	with local exhaust ventilation, (95% efficiency)	Inhalation	25ppm	0,05
PROC7	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC7	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC7	---	Dermal	42,86mg/kg/day	0,23
PROC7	half mask	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,074
PROC14	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 5: Polymer production	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	

to external recovery of waste		

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC10, PROC13	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07

PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,074
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Polymer production		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8c, ERC8d, ERC8f		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC8a)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC14)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC14	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC8a, PROC14	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07

PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC8b, PROC9	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC8b, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC14	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,002

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 7: Polymer processing	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	

to external recovery of waste		

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC5, PROC6,	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC8a, PROC10, PROC13				
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,074
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 8: Polymer processing		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC8a)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC14)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC14	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	20ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC8a, PROC14	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07

PROC8a, PROC14	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC8b, PROC9	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC8b, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC14	---	Dermal	3,43mg/kg/day	0,02

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Uses in coatings		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Charcoal adsorbers, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC7)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC7)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC8a,	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC10, PROC13, PROC19				
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC7	with local exhaust ventilation, (95% efficiency)	Inhalation	25ppm	0,05
PROC7	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC7	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC7	---	Dermal	42,86mg/kg/day	0,23
PROC7	half mask	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC19	with gloves	Dermal	28,29mg/kg/day	0,15

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 10: Uses in coatings	
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8c, ERC6d, ERC8f		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %.(PROC10)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC10)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC11)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC11)	
	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC19)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC11)	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.(PROC19)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5	---	Dermal	0,07mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC5, PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC5, PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC10	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,007
PROC11	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC11	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC11	during 1 - 4 hours, Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	252ppm	0,50
PROC11	Concentration of	Dermal	64,28mg/kg/day	0,35

	substance in product: 5% - 25%			
PROC11	---	Dermal	107,14mg/kg/day	0,58
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, with gloves	Dermal	16,97mg/kg/day	0,09
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC10	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC11	half mask	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 11: Uses in coatings		
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)	
Chemical product category	PC1: Adhesives, sealants PC4: Anti-freeze and de-icing products PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers PC9b: Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay PC9c: Finger paints PC15: Non-metal-surface treatment products PC24: Lubricants, greases, release products PC31: Polishes and wax blends	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8c, ERC8d, ERC8f		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC1: Glues, hobby use		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 30%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa

Amount used	Amount used per event	9 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	< 4 h
	Frequency of use	< 365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 35,73 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.3 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC1: Glues DIY-use (carpet glue, tile glue, wood parquet glue)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 30%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	6390 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	6 h
	Frequency of use	1 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 110 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.4 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC1: Glue from spray		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 30%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol
Amount used	Amount used per event	85,05 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	4 h
	Frequency of use	6 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 35,73 cm²

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.5 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Washing car window		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	0,5 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,02 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.6 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Pouring into radiator		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 10%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2000 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.7 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Lock de-icer		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of	liquid

	use)	
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	4 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,25 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 214,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.8 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Waterborne latex wall paint		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 1,5%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2760 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2,2 h
	Frequency of use	4 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.9 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Solvent rich, high solid, water borne paint, PC15: Solvent rich, high solid, water borne paint		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 27,5%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	744 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2,2 h
	Frequency of use	6 days/year

	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 482,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.10 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Aerosol spray can, PC15: Aerosol spray can		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol
Amount used	Amount used per event	215 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,33 h
	Frequency of use	2 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.11 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Removers (paint-, glue-, wall paper-, sealant-remover), PC15: Removers (paint-, glue-, wall paper-, sealant remover)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	491 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2 h
	Frequency of use	3 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	

2.12 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9b: Fillers and putty		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 2%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	85 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	4 h
	Frequency of use	12 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 35,73 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.13 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9b: Plasters and floor equalizers		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 2%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	13800 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2 h
	Frequency of use	12 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.14 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9c: Finger paints		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid

	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	1,35 g
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 254,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Avoid using at a product concentration greater than 5%
2.15 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC24: Sprays		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol
Amount used	Amount used per event	73 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	6 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.16 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC31: Polishes, spray (furniture, shoes)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	142 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	1,23 h

	Frequency of use	29 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 430 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Consumers

No exposure assessment presented for human health.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.
Risk characterization ratios (RCRs) were calculated by comparing the predicted exposure levels with the corresponding DNELs (derived no effect levels) (RCR = exposure level/DNEL)

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 12: Use in Cleaning Agents		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		

PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC7)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC7)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC10, PROC13,	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC19				
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC7	with local exhaust ventilation, (95% efficiency)	Inhalation	25ppm	0,05
PROC7	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC7	---	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC7	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Dermal	42,86mg/kg/day	0,23
PROC7	half mask	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,074
PROC19	with gloves	Dermal	28,29mg/kg/day	0,15

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 13: Use in Cleaning Agents		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		

PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %.(PROC10)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC10)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC11)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC11)	
	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC19)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC11)	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.(PROC19)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5	---	Dermal	0,07mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC5, PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC10	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC5	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC10	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,007
PROC10	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	16,46mg/kg/day	0,09
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC11	during 15 mins - 1 hour, with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC11	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC11	during 1 - 4 hours,	Inhalation	252ppm	0,50

	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, Outdoor use., 30% efficiency			
PROC11	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	64,28mg/kg/day	0,35
PROC11	---	Dermal	107,14mg/kg/day	0,58
PROC11	---	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC11	half mask	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, with gloves	Dermal	16,97mg/kg/day	0,09
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 14: Use in Cleaning Agents		
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)	
Chemical product category	PC3: Air care products PC4: Anti-freeze and de-icing products PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers PC9b: Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay PC9c: Finger paints PC24: Lubricants, greases, release products PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products) PC38: Welding and soldering products (with flux coatings or flux cores), flux products	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC3: Aircare, instant action (aerosol sprays)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol

Amount used	Amount used per event	0,1 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,25 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	4 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.4 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC3: Aircare, continuous action (solid & liquid)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 1%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
	Physical Form (at time of use)	solid
Amount used	Amount used per event	0,48 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	8 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 35,70 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.5 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Washing car window		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers product concentrations up to 1%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	0,5 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,02 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.6 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Pouring into radiator		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 10%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2000 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.7 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Lock de-icer		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	4 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,25 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 214,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.8 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Waterborne latex wall paint		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 1,5%
	Physical Form (at time of	liquid

	use)	
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2760 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2,2 h
	Frequency of use	4 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.9 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Solvent rich, high solid, water borne paint		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 27,5%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	744 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2,2 h
	Frequency of use	6 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.10 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Aerosol spray can		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol
Amount used	Amount used per event	215 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,33 min
	Frequency of use	2 days/year

	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.11 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9a: Removers (paint-, glue-, wall paper-, sealant-remover)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	491 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2 h
	Frequency of use	3 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.12 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9b: Fillers and putty		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 2%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	85 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	4 h
	Frequency of use	12 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 35,73 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	

2.13 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9b: Plasters and floor equalizers		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 2%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	13800 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	2 h
	Frequency of use	12 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.14 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9b: Modelling clay		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers product concentrations up to 1%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	solid
Amount used	Amount used per event	1 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	8 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 254,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.15 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC9c: Finger paints		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa

Amount used	Amount used per event	1,35 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	8 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 254,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Avoid using at a product concentration greater than 5%

2.16 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC24: Liquids

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 100%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2200 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	4 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 468 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	

2.17 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC24: Pastes

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 20%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	34 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	8 h
	Frequency of use	10 days/year

	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 468 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.18 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC24: Sprays		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	spray aerosol
Amount used	Amount used per event	73 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	6 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428,75 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.19 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35: Laundry and dish washing products		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	15 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,5 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.20 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35: Cleaners, liquids (all		

purpose cleaners, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	27 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,33 h
	Frequency of use	128 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 857,5 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	
2.21 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC38		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 20%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	12 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	1 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	20 m3
	Covers use under typical household ventilation., Covers use at ambient temperatures.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Consumers

No exposure assessment presented for human health.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.
Risk characterization ratios (RCRs) were calculated by comparing the predicted exposure levels with the corresponding DNELs (derived no effect levels) (RCR = exposure level/DNEL)

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 15: Use as binders and release agents		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC5: Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC5		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		

PROC5, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC7)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC7)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC5	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07

PROC6	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC7	with local exhaust ventilation, (95% efficiency)	Inhalation	25ppm	0,05
PROC7	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC7	---	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC7	---	Dermal	42,86mg/kg/day	0,23
PROC7	half mask	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC10	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,34mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC13	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,074

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 16: Use as binders and release agents		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8c, ERC8d, ERC8e, ERC8f		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	

disposal		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC5, PROC8a)	
	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC6)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %.(PROC10)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC10)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC11)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC11)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC11)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC8b	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC4	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5	---	Dermal	0,07mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC5, PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC5, PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC6	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	420ppm	0,84
PROC6	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC6	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	360ppm	0,72
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,50
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC9	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC11	half mask	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC10	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,007
PROC10	during 1 - 4 hours, Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC10	Concentration of	Dermal	16,46mg/kg/day	0,09

	substance in product: 5% - 25%			
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC11	during 15 mins - 1 hour, with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC11	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC11	during 1 - 4 hours, Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	252ppm	0,50
PROC11	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	64,28mg/kg/day	0,35
PROC11	---	Dermal	107,14mg/kg/day	0,58
PROC5, PROC10	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 17: Use in agrochemicals		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC11, PROC13, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of	liquid

	use)	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC8a)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC11)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC11)	
	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC19)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC11)	
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.(PROC19)	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10

PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC13	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC4, PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC8a	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a, PROC13	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC11	during 15 mins - 1 hour, with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC11	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC11	during 1 - 4 hours, Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	252ppm	0,50
PROC11	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	64,28mg/kg/day	0,35
PROC11	---	Dermal	107,14mg/kg/day	0,58
PROC11	half mask	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	16,97mg/kg/day	0,09
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:

ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 18: Use in laboratories		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC10, PROC15, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
Conditions and measures related	Use suitable eye protection.	

to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC10, PROC19	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC19	with gloves	Dermal	28,29mg/kg/day	0,15

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 19: Use in laboratories		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC10, PROC15, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.	

	or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %.(PROC10)
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC10)
	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC19)
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.(PROC19)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC10	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC10	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,007
PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, with gloves	Dermal	16,97mg/kg/day	0,09

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 20: Use as blowing agents		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC12: use of blowing agents in manufacture of foam	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC10a: Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with low release	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC10a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC12		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid

	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC12	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC12	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 21: Use in de-icing and anti-icing applications		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC11, PROC19		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and	Locate bulk storage outdoors.	

measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2)
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC11)
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC11)
	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour.(PROC19)
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.(PROC11)
	If above technical/organisational control measures are not feasible, then adopt following PPE: Limit the substance content in the mixture to 25 %. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.(PROC19)

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,10
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC11	during 15 mins - 1 hour, with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC11	---	Dermal	2,14mg/kg/day	0,01

PROC11	during 1 - 4 hours, Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	252ppm	0,50
PROC11	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Dermal	64,28mg/kg/day	0,35
PROC11	---	Dermal	107,14mg/kg/day	0,58
PROC11	half mask	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC19	Concentration of substance in product: 5% - 25%, with gloves	Dermal	16,97mg/kg/day	0,09

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 22: Use in de-icing and anti-icing applications		
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)	
Chemical product category	PC4: Anti-freeze and de-icing products	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Washing car window		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	0,5 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,02 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 6600 cm²
Other given operational	Room size	34 m3

conditions affecting consumers exposure	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.3 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Pouring into radiator		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 10%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	2000 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,17 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 428 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
2.4 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC4: Lock de-icer		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers concentrations up to 50%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	240 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	4 g
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	0,25 h
	Frequency of use	365 days/year
	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin areas	Covers skin contact area up to 214,4 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	34 m3
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Consumers

No exposure assessment presented for human health.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.
Risk characterization ratios (RCRs) were calculated by comparing the predicted exposure levels with the corresponding DNELs (derived no effect levels) (RCR = exposure level/DNEL)

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 23: Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid

	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC8a	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may

be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 24: Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid

	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC8a)	
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC8a)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC8b	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50
PROC4, PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC8a	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 25: Explosives manufacture & use		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8d		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and according to local regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.	
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa

Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC3)
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.(PROC5, PROC8a)
	or Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC5, PROC8a)
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC3, PROC5	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC5	---	Dermal	0,07mg/kg/day	0,00
PROC5	---	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC5	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC5	---	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60
PROC8a	---	Dermal	0,14mg/kg/day	0,001
PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC8a	with local exhaust ventilation, 80% efficiency	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC8a	Outdoor use., 30% efficiency	Inhalation	350ppm	0,70
PROC8a	during 1 - 4 hours	Inhalation	300ppm	0,60

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 26: Use as processing aid		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC6: Calendering operations PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances ERC2: Formulation of preparations ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)	
2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a		
Substance is a unique structure, Readily biodegradable.		
Amount used	To be defined by site	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%): (Efficiency: 90 %)
	Air	Closed system, or, Treated by scrubbers
	Air	or, Charcoal adsorbers
	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Conditions and measures related	Contain and dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation and	

to external treatment of waste for disposal	according to local regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Locate bulk storage outdoors. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
	Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Handle substance within a closed system.(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3)	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use suitable eye protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.	

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

No information available.

Workers

ECETOC TRA

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Inhalation	0,01ppm	0,00002
PROC1, PROC3	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,002
PROC2, PROC14, PROC15	---	Inhalation	50ppm	0,10
PROC2	---	Dermal	1,37mg/kg/day	0,01
PROC3, PROC4	---	Inhalation	100ppm	0,20
PROC4, PROC9	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,04
PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC10	---	Inhalation	250ppm	0,50

PROC5, PROC8a	---	Dermal	13,71mg/kg/day	0,07
PROC6, PROC10	---	Dermal	27,43mg/kg/day	0,15
PROC8b	---	Inhalation	150ppm	0,30
PROC8b	---	Dermal	6,86mg/kg/day	0,037
PROC9	---	Inhalation	200ppm	0,40
PROC14, PROC15	---	Dermal	0,34mg/kg/day	0,00

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see ECT Tool:
ECT: http://www.reachcentrum.eu/en/consortiummanagement/consortia-under-reach/phenol-derivatives-reachconsortium/phenol-derivatives-dossiers.aspx
Health
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
For scaling see: GES Worker Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) Template (http://cefic.org/templates/shwPublications.asp?HID=750)
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

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recall procedure available	Yes	
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QUALITY SYSTEMS		
ISO 9001	Yes	Yes
ISO 14001	Yes	Yes
ISO 22000	Yes	Yes
FSSC 22000	Yes	Yes
GMP+ -feed	Yes	Yes
OHSAS18001	-	Yes
ESAD	Yes	Yes
other	-	AEO